

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable President Members of the Board of Trustees Arlington Heights Memorial Library Arlington Heights, Illinois

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and the major funds of the Arlington Heights Memorial Library (the Library) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2019, and the related notes to financial statements, which collectively comprise the Library's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Library's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Library's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Arlington Heights Memorial Library, Arlington Heights, Illinois as of December 31, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

Previously, the Library was reported as a discretely presented component unit of the Village of Arlington Heights. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 61, the Library is no longer reported as part of the Village reporting entity as it does not meet the criteria for inclusion as a discretely presented component unit.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the required supplementary information listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

The Library has omitted Management's Discussion and Analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Library's basic financial statements. The individual fund schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The individual fund schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the individual fund schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Sikich LLP

Naperville, Illinois June 25, 2020

GENERAL PURPOSE EXTERNAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

December 31, 2019

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Cash and investments	\$ 13,863,284
Receivables (net, where applicable,	φ 15,005,201
of allowance for uncollectibles)	
Property taxes	14,247,733
Accounts	58,135
Accrued interest	41,083
Prepaid expenses	378,609
Capital assets not being depreciated	647,378
Capital assets being depreciated	
(net of accumulated depreciation)	8,516,030
Total assets	37,752,252
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Pension related items - OPEB	104,723
Pension related items - IMRF	1,153,438
Total deferred outflows of resources	1,258,161
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	39,010,413
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	211,066
Accrued payroll	452,274
Long-term liabilities	,
Due within one year	89,885
Due in more than one year	4,615,690
Total liabilities	5,368,915
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Pension related items - OPEB	23,989
Pension related items - IMRF	2,318,952
Deferred revenue - property taxes	14,247,733
Total deferred inflows of resources	16,590,674
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	21,959,589
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	9,163,408
Unrestricted	7,887,416
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 17,050,824

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

			P	rogra	am Revenue	es		ŀ	let (Expense) Revenue and Change in Net Position	
			Charges	1 8 1		Capital Frants and	G	overnmental		
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS	 Expenses	enses for Services				8		ontributions		Activities
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT Governmental Activities										
Culture and recreation	\$ 15,066,761	\$	160,450	\$	121,617	\$	1,259,590	\$	(13,525,104)	
Total governmental activities	 15,066,761		160,450		121,617		1,259,590		(13,525,104)	
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	\$ 15,066,761	\$	160,450	\$	121,617	\$	1,259,590		(13,525,104)	

General Revenues	
Taxes Property	13,927,291
Investment income	235,359
Miscellaneous income	 105,473
Total	 14,268,123
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	743,019
NET POSITION, JANUARY 1	 16,307,805
NET POSITION, DECEMBER 31	\$ 17,050,824

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

December 31, 2019

	General			Capital Projects	Total Governmental		
ASSETS							
Cash and investments	\$	10,168,609	\$	3,694,675	\$	13,863,284	
Receivables							
Property taxes		14,247,733		-		14,247,733	
Accounts receivable		56,068		2,067		58,135	
Accrued interest receivable		41,083		-		41,083	
Due from other funds Prepaid items		-		2,000,000		2,000,000	
Prepaid items		378,609		-		378,609	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	24,892,102	\$	5,696,742	\$	30,588,844	
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES							
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable	\$	199,214	\$	11,852	\$	211,066	
Accrued payroll		452,274		-		452,274	
Due to other funds		2,000,000		-		2,000,000	
Total liabilities		2,651,488		11,852		2,663,340	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		14,247,733		-		14,247,733	
Total deferred inflows of resources		14,247,733		-		14,247,733	
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources		16,899,221		11,852		16,911,073	
FUND BALANCES							
Nonspendable							
Prepaid items		378,609		-		378,609	
Assigned							
Capital projects		-		5,684,890		5,684,890	
Unassigned		7,614,272		-		7,614,272	
Total fund balances		7,992,881		5,684,890		13,677,771	
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS							
OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES	\$	24,892,102	\$	5,696,742	\$	30,588,844	

RECONCILIATION OF FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES IN THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

December 31, 2019

FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$ 13,677,771
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds	9,163,408
Differences between expected and actual experiences, assumption changes, and net differences between projected and actual earnings for IMRF are recognized as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources on the statement of net position	(1,165,514)
Differences between expected and actual experiences, assumption changes and net difference between projected and actual earnings for the OPEB are recognized as deferred outflows and inflows of resources on the statement of net position	80,734
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds	
Compensated absences payable	(354,633)
Net pension liability	(3,860,124)
Total OPEB liability	 (490,818)
NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ 17,050,824

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Capital					Total	
	General			Projects	Governmental		
REVENUES							
Property taxes	\$	13,927,291	\$	-	\$	13,927,291	
Charges for services		160,450		-		160,450	
Grants		95,987		-		95,987	
Investment income		125,201		110,158		235,359	
Donations		25,630		-		25,630	
Miscellaneous income	_	105,473		-		105,473	
Total revenues		14,440,032		110,158		14,550,190	
EXPENDITURES Current Culture and recreation							
Administration		11,185,241		-		11,185,241	
Building		581,344		_		581,344	
Books and materials		1,991,814		-		1,991,814	
Capital outlay		68,871		80,001		148,872	
1 2		,		,		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
Total expenditures		13,827,270		80,001		13,907,271	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		612,762		30,157		642,919	
FUND BALANCES, JANUARY 1		7,380,119		5,654,733		13,034,852	
FUND BALANCES, DECEMBER 31	\$	7,992,881	\$	5,684,890	\$	13,677,771	

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES IN THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$ 642,919
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures; however, they are capitalized and depreciated in the statement of activities	
Capital outlay	66,165
Contributions of capital assets	1,259,590
Some expenses in the statement of activities (e.g., depreciation) do not require	
the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as	
expenditures in governmental funds	(727,491)
The change in compensated absences payable is shown as an expense on the	
statement of activities	(33,557)
The change in the net pension liability and related deferred outflows and inflows	
of resources for IMRF is reported only in the statement of activities	(379,169)
The change in total OPEB liability, deferred inflows, and deferred outflows	
of resources are not a source or use of financial resources	 (85,438)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ 743,019

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2019

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Arlington Heights Memorial Library, Arlington Heights, Illinois (the Library), have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, as applied to governmental units (hereinafter referred to as generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP)). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the Library's accounting policies are described below.

a. Financial Reporting Entity

The Library is governed by a seven-member Library Board of Trustees that is separately elected. The Library Board of Trustees selects management staff and directs the affairs of the Library. As required by GAAP, these financial statements include all funds of the Library. Management has also considered all potential component units. Criteria for including a component unit in the Library's reporting entity principally consist of the potential component unit's financial interdependency and accountability to the Library. Based upon those criteria, there are no potential component units to be included in the reporting entity. Additionally, based on the same criteria, the Library has been determined not to be a component unit of the Village of Arlington Heights, Illinois (the Village).

b. Fund Accounting

The accounts of the Library are organized and operated on the basis of funds. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purposes and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance-related legal and contractual provisions. The minimum number of funds is maintained consistent with legal and management requirements.

Funds are classified into the following categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. All of the Library's funds are governmental funds.

Governmental funds are used to account for all or most of a government's general activities, including the collection and disbursement of restricted or committed monies (special revenue funds), the funds committed, restricted, or assigned for the acquisition or construction of capital assets (capital projects funds), the funds committed, restricted, or assigned for the service of long-term debt (debt service)

b. Fund Accounting (Continued)

funds), and the management of funds held in trust that can be used for governmental services (permanent funds). The General Fund is used to account for all activities of the Library not accounted for in some other fund.

c. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the activities of the Library. The effect of material interfund activity has been eliminated from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. The Library has no business-type activities.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function, segment, or program are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and (2) grants and standard revenues that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The Library reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the Library's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those accounted for in another fund.

The Capital Projects Fund accounts for the amounts assigned for future capital projects.

d. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred. The Library recognizes property taxes when they become both measurable and available in the period the tax is intended to finance. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The Library considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a fund liability is incurred. However, debt service expenditures are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, grants, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and are recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Fines and miscellaneous revenues are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the Library.

In applying the susceptible to accrual concept to intergovernmental revenues (i.e., federal and state grants), the legal and contractual requirements of the numerous individual programs are used as guidance. There are, however, essentially two types of these revenues. In one, monies must be expended on the specific purpose or project before any amounts will be paid to the Library; therefore, revenues are recognized based upon the expenditures recorded. In the other, monies are virtually unrestricted as to purpose of expenditure and are generally revocable only for failure to comply with prescribed eligibility requirements, such as equal employment opportunity. These resources are reflected as revenues at the time of receipt or earlier if they meet the availability criterion.

The Library reports unavailable/deferred and unearned revenue on its financial statements. Unavailable/deferred revenues arise when a potential revenue does not meet both the measurable and available or earned criteria for recognition in the current period. Unearned revenues arise when resources are received by the Library before it has a legal claim to them such as when grant monies are received prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both the revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the Library has a legal claim to the

d. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

resources, the liability or deferred inflow of resources for unavailable/deferred and unearned revenue is removed from the financial statements and revenue is recognized.

e. Investments

Investments with a maturity of less than one year when purchased, non-negotiable certificates of deposit and other nonparticipating investments are stated at cost or amortized cost. Investments with a maturity greater than one year when purchased are stated at fair value. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

f. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the Library as assets with an initial, individual cost in excess of \$10,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year.

Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Property, plant, and equipment is depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	Years
Buildings and improvements	40
Equipment	5-10

g. Compensated Absences

Vested or accumulated vacation leave is reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it once retirement or separation has occurred. Vested or accumulated vacation leave of governmental activities is recorded as an expense and liability on the statement of net position as the benefits accrue to employees.

h. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt, and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities.

i. Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond the date of this report are recorded as prepaid items.

j. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

k. Fund Balance/Net Position

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report nonspendable fund balance for amounts that are either not in spendable form or that are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Restrictions of fund balance are reported for amounts constrained by legal restrictions from outside parties for use for a specific purpose or are externally imposed by outside entities. Committed fund balance is constrained by formal actions of the Library's Board of Trustees, which is considered the Library's highest level of decision-making authority. Formal actions include ordinances approved by the Board of Trustees. Assigned fund balance represents amounts constrained by the Library's intent to use them for a specific purpose. The authority to assign fund balance resides with the Board of Trustees. Any residual fund balance in the General Fund and any deficit fund balances in any other governmental funds are reported as unassigned.

k. Fund Balance/Net Position (Continued)

The Library's flow of funds assumptions prescribes that the funds with the highest level of constraint are expended first. If restricted or unrestricted funds are available for spending, the restricted funds are spent first. Additionally, if different levels of unrestricted funds are available for spending, the Library considers committed funds to be expended first, followed by assigned, and then unassigned funds.

In the government-wide financial statements, restricted net position is legally restricted by outside parties for a specific purpose. None of the net position is restricted as a result of enabling legislation adopted by the Library. Net investment in capital assets is the book value of capital assets less outstanding principal balances of debt that was issued to construct the capital assets.

1. Interfund Transactions

Interfund transactions are accounted for as revenues or expenditures. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures in the fund that is reimbursed.

All other interfund transactions, except interfund services and reimbursements, are reported as transfers.

m. Interfund Receivables/Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

If applicable, advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance nonspendable account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

n. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The Library categorizes fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by GAAP. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; and Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The Library held no investments subject to fair value measurement at December 31, 2019.

Permitted Deposits and Investments - Statutes and the Library's investment policy authorize the Library to make deposits/invest in insured commercial banks, savings and loan institutions, obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. agencies, insured credit union shares, money market mutual funds with portfolios of securities issued or guaranteed by the United States Government or agreements to repurchase these same obligations, repurchase agreements, short-term commercial paper rated within the three highest classifications by at least two standard rating services and The Illinois Funds.

The Illinois Public Treasurers' Investment Pool, known as The Illinois Funds, operates as a qualified external investment pool in accordance with the criteria established in GASB Statement No. 79, *Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants*, and thus, reports all investments at amortized cost rather than market value. The investment in The Illinois Funds by participants is also reported at amortized cost. The Illinois Funds does not have any limitations or restrictions on participant withdrawals. The Illinois Treasurer's Office issues a separate financial report for The Illinois Funds which may be obtained by contacting the Administrative Office at Illinois Business Center, 400 West Monroe Street, Suite 401, Springfield, Illinois 62704.

a. Library Deposits with Financial Institutions

Custodial credit risk for deposits with financial institutions is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Library's deposits may not be returned to it. The Library's investment policy requires pledging of collateral for bank balances in excess of federal depository insurance.

The Library's deposits with financial institutions were covered either by FDIC or collateral pledged to the Library, held in the Library's name.

b. Library Investments

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. It is the policy of the Library to invest its funds in a manner which will provide the highest investment return with the maximum security while meeting daily cash flow demands of the Library and conforming to all state and local statutes governing the investment of public funds, using the "prudent person" standard for managing the overall portfolio. The primary objective of the policy is safety of principal, liquidity, return on investment, and simplicity of management. The investment policy does not limit the maturity lengths of library investments.

2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

b. Library Investments (Continued)

The Library limits its exposure to credit risk, the risk that the issuer of a debt security will not pay its par value upon maturity, by primarily investing in The Illinois Funds. The Illinois Funds are rated AAA by Standard and Poor's.

Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to the investment, the Library will not be able to recover the value of its investments that are in the possession of an outside party. The Library's investment policy does not address custodial credit risk for investments. The Illinois Funds are not subject to custodial credit risk.

Concentration of Credit Risk - The Library places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer, stating only that the Library diversify its investments to the best of its ability based on the nature of the funds invested and the cash flow needs of those funds.

3. PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes for 2019 attach as an enforceable lien on January 1, 2019 on property values assessed as of the same date. Taxes are levied by December of the fiscal year (by passage of a Tax Levy Ordinance). Tax bills are prepared by the County and issued on or about February 1, 2020 and August 1, 2020 and are payable in two installments, on or about March 1, 2020 and September 1, 2020. The County collects such taxes and remits them periodically. The allowance for uncollectible taxes has been stated at 2% of the tax levy, to reflect actual collection experience. Since the 2019 levy is intended to fund the 2020 fiscal year, the levy has been recorded as a receivable and deferred inflow of resources.

4. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the Library for the year ended December 31, 2019 was as follows:

	eginning Balances	I	ncreases	Decr	eases	Ending Balances
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES Capital assets not being depreciated Land Permanent art	\$ 142,378 55,000	\$	450,000	\$	-	\$ 592,378 55,000
Total capital assets not being depreciated	197,378		450,000		-	647,378

4. CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES (Continued)				
Capital assets being depreciated Buildings and improvements Equipment	\$ 17,227,804 3,726,204	\$ 858,955 16,800	\$ - -	\$ 18,086,759 3,743,004
Total capital assets being depreciated	20,954,008	875,755		21,829,763
Less accumulated depreciation for Buildings and improvements Equipment	10,203,709 2,382,533	594,625 132,866	-	10,798,334 2,515,399
Total accumulated depreciation	12,586,242	727,491		13,313,733
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	8,367,766	148,264		8,516,030
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES CAPITAL ASSETS, NET	\$ 8,565,144	\$ 598,264	\$ -	\$ 9,163,408

5. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Library is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; natural disasters; and injuries to employees. The Library is a member of the Libraries of Illinois Risk Agency (LIRA), which is a consortium of 55 charter member libraries that provides risk management services and coverages to the pool of member libraries. Premiums have been displayed as expenditures in appropriate funds. Medical insurance is through the Village with third-party indemnity coverage. Losses have not exceeded coverage for the last three years.

6. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES - GRANTS

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time; although, the Library expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

7. CHANGES IN LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Issue	Balances January 1]	Increases]	Decreases	Balances ecember 31	Current Portion
Total OPEB liability Net pension liability Compensated absences	\$ 348,295 7,926,473	\$	142,523	\$	- 4,066,349	\$ 490,818 3,860,124	\$ 18,959 -
payable	 321,076		97,772		64,215	354,633	70,926
TOTAL	\$ 8,595,844	\$	240,295	\$	4,130,564	\$ 4,705,575	\$ 89,885

8. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM

The Library contributes, through the Village, to the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF), an agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system. However, the Library's participation in IMRF is equivalent to a cost sharing multiple-employer pension plan since only one actuarial valuation is performed for both the Village and the Library combined. All disclosures for an agent plan can be found in the Village's comprehensive annual financial report.

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund

Plan Administration

All employees hired in positions that meet or exceed the prescribed annual hourly standard must be enrolled in IMRF as participating members.

The plan is accounted for on the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Employer and employee contributions are recognized when earned in the year that the contributions are required, benefits and refunds are recognized as an expense and liability when due and payable. Investments are reported at fair value.

Benefits Provided

IMRF provides two tiers of pension benefits. Employees hired prior to January 1, 2011 are eligible for Tier 1 benefits. For Tier 1 employees, pension benefits vest after eight years of service. Participating members who retire at age 55 (reduced benefits) or after age 60 (full benefits) with eight years of credited service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1 2/3% of their final rate of earnings, for each year of credited service up to 15 years, and 2% for each year thereafter. Employees hired on or after January 1, 2011 are eligible for Tier 2 benefits. For Tier 2 employees, pension benefits vest after ten years of service. Participating members who retire at age 62 (reduced benefits) or after age 67 (full benefits) with ten years of credited service are

8. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM (Continued)

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (Continued)

Benefits Provided (Continued)

entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1 2/3% of their final rate of earnings, for each year of credited service up to 15 years, and 2% for each year thereafter. IMRF also provides death and disability benefits. These benefit provisions and all other requirements are established by state statute.

Contributions

Participating members are required to contribute 4.50% of their annual salary to IMRF. The Village and the Library are required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to fund IMRF as specified by statute. The employer contribution rate for the calendar year ended 2019 was 10.14% of covered payroll.

Net Pension Liability

At December 31, 2019, the Library reported a liability of \$3,860,124 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Library's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the Library's actual contribution to the plan for the year ended December 31, 2019 relative to the contributions of the Village, actuarially determined. At December 31, 2019, the Library's proportion was 26.15% of the total contribution to the plan.

Actuarial Assumptions

The Library's net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2019 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of the same date using the following actuarial methods and assumptions.

Actuarial valuation date	December 31, 2019
Actuarial cost method	Entry-age normal
Assumptions	
Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases	3.35% to 14.25%
Discount rate	7.25%
Cost of living adjustments	3.00%
Asset valuation method	Market

8. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM (Continued)

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

For nondisabled retirees, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Blue Collar Health Annuitant Mortality Table with adjustments to match current IMRF experience. For disabled retirees, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2015 (base year 2017). IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Disabled Retirees Mortality Table applying the same adjustment that were applied for nondisabled lives. For active members, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2014 Disabled Retirees Mortality Table applying the same adjustment that were applied for nondisabled lives. For active members, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2015 (base year 2017). IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2015 mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2015 (base year 2017). IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table with adjustments to match current IMRF experience.

Investment Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that the Library contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the fund's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members.

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

For the year ended December 31, 2019, the Library recognized pension expense of \$1,083,232. At December 31, 2019, the Library reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to IMRF from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience Changes in assumption Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	\$	591,516 561,922	\$ 4,608 288,372 2,025,972
TOTAL	\$ 1	1,153,438	\$ 2,318,952

8. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM (Continued)

<u>Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund</u> (Continued)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources (Continued)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to IMRF will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending December 31,	
2020 2021 2022 2023	\$ (238,970) (232,170) 276,585 (970,959)
TOTAL	\$ (1,165,514)

Discount Rate Sensitivity

The following is a sensitivity analysis of the net pension liability (asset) to changes in the discount rate. The table below presents the net pension liability (asset) of the Library calculated using the discount rate of 7.25% as well as what the Library's net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.25%) or 1 percentage point higher (8.25%) than the current rate:

				Current			
	1	% Decrease	Di	scount Rate	1	1% Increase	
	(6.25%)			(7.25%)	(8.25%)		
Net pension liability (asset)	\$	10,020,890	\$	3,860,123	\$	(1,245,843)	

9. INDIVIDUAL FUND DISCLOSURES

Interfund Receivables/Payables are as follows:

	Due From	Due To
General Capital Projects	\$ 2,000,000	\$
TOTAL	\$ 2,000,000	\$ 2,000,000

9. INDIVIDUAL FUND DISCLOSURES (Continued)

The due to/from other funds in the above table relates to short term operating loans. The amounts will be repaid within one year.

10. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

a. Plan Description

In addition to providing the pension benefits described, the Library provides postemployment health care insurance benefits (OPEB) for its eligible retired employees through a single employer defined benefit plan. The benefits, benefit levels, employee contributions, and employer contributions are governed by the Library and can be amended by the Library through its personnel manual. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75. The plan does not issue a separate report. The activity of the plan is reported in the Library's governmental activities.

b. Benefits Provided

The Library provides pre and post-Medicare postemployment healthcare benefits to all retirees, their spouses and dependents (enrolled at time of employee's retirement). To be eligible for benefits, the employee must qualify for retirement under the Library's retirement plan. The retirees pay the blended premium. Upon a retiree becoming eligible for Medicare, the amount payable under the health plan will be reduced by the amount payable under Medicare for those expenses that are covered under both.

All health care benefits are provided through the Library's health insurance plans. The benefit levels are the same as those afforded to active employees. Benefits include general inpatient and outpatient medical services; mental, nervous, and substance abuse care; vision care; and prescriptions. Upon a retiree reaching 65 years of age, Medicare becomes the primary insurer and the Library's plan becomes secondary.

c. Membership

At December 31, 2019, membership consisted of:

Inactive employees currently receiving benefit payments	38
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits Active employees	- 78
Active employees	78
TOTAL	116
Participating employers	1

10. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

d. Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs

The total OPEB liability at December 31, 2019, was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified. The total OPEB liability was rolled forward by the actuary using updated procedures to December 31, 2019, including updating the discount rate at December 31, 2019, as noted on the following page.

Actuarial valuation date	December 31, 2018
Measurement date	December 31, 2019
Actuarial cost method	Entry-age normal
Inflation	3.00%
Discount rate	2.75%
Healthcare cost trend rates	8.00% Initial 4.50% Ultimate
Asset valuation method	N/A
Mortality rates	RP2014 Blue Collar base rates projected to 2018 using scale MP-2018

e. Discount Rate

The discount rate was based on The Bond Buyer 20-Bond GO Index, which is based on an average of certain general obligation municipal bonds maturing in 20 years and having an average rating equivalent of Moody's Aa2 and Standard & Poor's AA.

10. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

f. Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

	Total OPEB Liability		
BALANCES AT JANUARY 1, 2019	\$	348,295	
Changes for the period			
Service cost		16,755	
Interest		13,891	
Changes in assumptions		71,130	
Differences between expected and actual experience		-	
Benefit payments		(18,959)	
Net changes		82,817	
BALANCES AT DECEMBER 31, 2019	\$	431,112	

There were changes in assumptions related to the discount rate.

g. Rate Sensitivity

The following is a sensitivity analysis of total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate and the healthcare cost trend rate. The table below presents the total OPEB liability of the Library calculated using the discount rate of 2.75% as well as what the Library's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (1.75%) or 1 percentage point higher (3.75%) than the current rate:

	1%	Decrease	Dis	count Rate	19	6 Increase	
		(1.75%)		(2.75%)	(3.75%)		
Total OPEB liability	\$	486,047	\$	431,112	\$	385,440	

10. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

g. Rate Sensitivity (Continued)

The table below presents the total OPEB liability of the Library calculated using the healthcare rate of 8% as well as what the Library's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a healthcare rate that is 1 percentage point lower (7%) or 1 percentage point higher (9%) than the current rate:

	1	% Decrease	Healthcare Rate			1% Increase
		(7%)	(8%)			(9%)
Total OPEB liability	\$	378,942	\$	431,112	\$	494,876

h. OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended December 31, 2019, the Library recognized OPEB expense of \$85,438. At December 31, 2019, the Library reported deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Ou	Deferred atflows of esources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in assumption	\$	43,714 61,009	\$	23,989	
TOTAL	\$	104,723	\$	23,989	

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Fiscal	
Year Ending	
December 31,	
2020	\$ 14,045
2021	14,045
2022	14,045
2023	14,045
2024	14,045
Thereafter	 10,509
TOTAL	\$ 80,734

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	0				
		riginal and nal Budget		Actual	
		nai Duugei	Actual		
REVENUES					
Taxes					
Property taxes	\$	14,249,157	\$	13,927,291	
Grants		61,063		95,987	
Charges for services					
Fines		204,993		160,450	
Investment income		37,120		125,201	
Donations		5,000		25,630	
Miscellaneous income		73,565		105,473	
Total revenues		14,630,898		14,440,032	
EXPENDITURES					
Culture and recreation					
Administration		12,032,895		11,185,241	
Building		584,843		581,344	
Book and library materials		2,201,246		1,991,814	
Capital outlay		91,255		68,871	
Total expenditures		14,910,239		13,827,270	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	(279,341)	=	612,762	
FUND BALANCE, JANUARY 1				7,380,119	
FUND BALANCE, DECEMBER 31			\$	7,992,881	

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE EMPLOYER'S TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS OTHER POSTRETIREMENT BENEFIT PLAN

MEASUREMENT DATE DECEMBER 31,		2018	2019
TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY			
Service cost	\$	9,231	\$ 16,755
Interest		10,210	13,891
Changes in assumptions		(16,812)	71,130
Differences between expected and actual experience		53,226	-
Benefit payments		(14,604)	(18,959)
Net change in total OPEB liability		41,251	82,817
Total OPEB liability - beginning		307,044	348,295
TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY - ENDING	\$	348,295	\$ 431,112
Covered payroll	\$ 4	4,705,766	\$ 4,846,939
Employer's total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll		7.40%	8.89%

Last Two Fiscal Year

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75.

There was a change in assumptions related to the discount rate in 2019.

Ultimately, this schedule should present information for the last ten years. However, until ten years of information can be compiled, information will be presented for as many years as is available.

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND

Last Five Fiscal Years

MEASUREMENT DATE DECEMBER 31,		2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Actuarially determined contribution	\$	3,159,698	\$ 3,257,572	\$ 3,170,250	\$ 876,141	\$ 694,837
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution		3,168,474	3,257,572	3,170,250	877,582	704,063
CONTRIBUTION DEFICIENCY (EXCESS)	\$	(8,776)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (1,441)	\$ (9,226)
Covered payroll	\$ 2	24,380,386	\$ 24,924,034	\$ 25,690,842	\$ 6,887,899	\$ 6,941,427
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		13.00%	13.07%	12.34%	12.74%	10.14%

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information

The information presented was determined as part of the actuarial valuations as of January 1 of the prior fiscal year. Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation presented is as follows: the actuarial cost method was entry-age normal; the amortization method was level percent of pay, closed, and the amortization period was 24 years; the asset valuation method was five-year smoothed market; and the significant actuarial assumptions were an investment rate of return at 7.50% annually, projected salary increases assumption of 3.35% to 14.25% compounded annually and postretirement benefit increases of 3.25% compounded annually.

Beginning December 31, 2018, the information above is presented for the Library only. Prior years include Village information.

Ultimately, this schedule should present information for the last ten years. However, until ten years of information can be compiled, information will be presented for as many years as is available.

SCHEDULE OF THE LIBRARY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND

Last Five Fiscal Years

MEASUREMENT DATE DECEMBER 31,	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Employer's proportion of net pension liability	25.56%	25.56%	25.56%	25.56%	25.56%
Employer's proportionate share of net pension liability	5,821,779	6,092,299	1,299,308	7,926,473	\$ 3,860,124
Employer's covered payroll	6,231,627	6,370,583	6,566,068	6,887,899	6,941,427
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	93.42%	95.63%	19.79%	115.08%	55.61%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	86.40%	86.35%	97.10%	83.82%	54.35%

Prior to 2019, the Library was presented as a component unit of the Village. Beginning January 1, 2019, IMRF is presented as a cost-sharing plan with the Village. Information above for 2015 through 2018 is estimated based on the allocation used in 2019.

Ultimately, this schedule should present information for the last ten years. However, until ten years of information can be compiled, information will be presented for as many years as is available.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

December 31, 2019

BUDGETS

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with GAAP. The budget is prepared for the General Fund, and Capital Projects Fund by function and activity, and includes information on the past year, current year estimates, and requested appropriations for the next fiscal year. The proposed budget is presented to the Library Board of Trustees for review. This governing body holds public meetings and may add to, subtract from, or change appropriations. The budget may be amended by the governing body. State statutes and local ordinances require that the budget be approved before the beginning of the fiscal year.

Expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the fund level. During the year, no supplementary appropriations were necessary.

INDIVIDUAL FUND SCHEDULES

MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	riginal and inal Budget		Actual			
EXPENDITURES						
Administration						
Salaries	\$ 8,017,297	\$	7,628,193			
Employee benefits	1,372,032		1,281,361			
IMRF	799,315		704,063			
Insurance - medical/life	18,150	12,178				
Social Security and Medicare	611,149		565,847			
Other employee benefits	44,350		34,192			
Professional technical services	247,859		219,057			
Office supplies	38,165		33,395			
Contractual services	 884,578		706,955			
Total administration	 12,032,895		11,185,241			
Building						
Utilities	16,472		19,310			
Maintenance	451,763		461,864			
Equipment rental	2,280	2,246				
Tools and equipment	55,163		44,720			
Other property services	 59,165	53,204				
Total building	 584,843		581,344			
Books and Library Materials						
Library supplies	1,920,661		1,792,546			
Other supplies	 280,585		199,268			
Total books and library materials	 2,201,246		1,991,814			
Capital outlay	 91,255		68,871			
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$ 14,910,239	\$	13,827,270			

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	```	ginal and al Budget	Actual				
REVENUES							
Investment income	\$	15,000	\$	110,158			
Total revenues		15,000		110,158			
EXPENDITURES							
Capital outlay		157,090		80,001			
Total expenditures		157,090		80,001			
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE	\$	(142,090)	:	30,157			
FUND BALANCE, JANUARY 1				5,654,733			
FUND BALANCE, DECEMBER 31			\$	5,684,890			